

A Puritan Catechism

With Proofs



Compiled by

C. H. Spurgeon

"Heir of the Puritans"

PUBLIC DOMAIN NOTICE

The text of this work is in the public domain. This electronic version was created for free distribution by Philip A. Morgan. You are encouraged to pass it on to others, but please do not alter its contents or sell it for profit.

**For more help and resources please visit www.philmorgan.org
To get our regular updates and announcements of great new ebooks like this one, [Sign up for *Classic eBook Alerts*](#).**

I am persuaded that the use of a good Catechism in all our families will be a great safeguard against the increasing errors of the times, and therefore I have compiled this little manual from the Westminster Assembly's and Baptist Catechisms, for the use of my own church and congregation. Those who use it in their families or classes must labour to explain the sense; but the words should be carefully learned by heart, for they will be understood better as years pass.

May the Lord bless my dear friends and their families evermore, is the prayer of their loving Pastor.

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "C.H. Spurgeon". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style with a large initial "C".

Study to shew thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth (2 Tim. 2:15)

Table of Contents

Question 1. <i>What is the chief end of man?</i>	7
Question 2. <i>What rule has God given to direct us how we may glorify him?</i>	7
Question 3. <i>What do the Scriptures principally teach?</i>	7
Question 4. <i>What is God?</i>	7
Question 5. <i>Are there more Gods than one?</i>	8
Question 6. <i>How many persons are there in the Godhead?</i>	8
Question 7. <i>What are the decrees of God?</i>	8
Question 8. <i>How does God execute his decrees?</i>	8
Question 9. <i>What is the work of creation?</i>	9
Question 10. <i>How did God create man?</i>	9
Question 11. <i>What are God's works of providence?</i>	9
Question 12. <i>What special act of providence did God exercise toward man in the state wherein he was created?</i>	9
Question 13. <i>Did our first parents continue in the state wherein they were created?</i>	10
Question 14. <i>What is sin?</i>	10
Question 15. <i>Did all mankind fall in Adam's first transgression?</i>	10
Question 16. <i>Into what estate did the fall bring mankind?</i>	10
Question 17. <i>Wherein consists the sinfulness of that state whereinto man fell?</i>	11
Question 18. <i>What is the misery of that state whereinto man fell?</i>	11
Question 19. <i>Did God leave all mankind to perish in the state of sin and misery?</i>	11
Question 20. <i>Who is the Redeemer of God's elect?</i>	12
Question 21. <i>How did Christ, being the Son of God, become man?</i>	12
Question 22. <i>What offices does Christ execute as our Redeemer?</i>	12
Question 23. <i>How does Christ execute the office of a prophet?</i>	12
Question 24. <i>How does Christ execute the office of a priest?</i>	13
Question 25. <i>How does Christ execute the office of a king?</i>	13
Question 26. <i>Wherein did Christ's humiliation consist?</i>	13
Question 27. <i>Wherein consists Christ's exaltation?</i>	14
Question 28. <i>How are we made partakers of the redemption purchased by Christ?</i>	14
Question 29. <i>How does the Spirit apply to us the redemption purchased by Christ?</i>	14
Question 30. <i>What is effectual calling?</i>	15
Question 31. <i>What benefits do they who are effectually called, partake of in this life?</i>	15
Question 32. <i>What is justification?</i>	15
Question 33. <i>What is adoption?</i>	16

Question 34. <i>What is sanctification?</i>	16
Question 35. <i>What are the benefits which in this life do either accompany or flow from justification, adoption, and sanctification?</i>	16
Question 36. <i>What benefits do believers receive from Christ at their death?</i>	17
Question 37. <i>What benefits do believers receive from Christ at the resurrection?</i>	17
Question 38. <i>What shall be done to the wicked at their death?</i>	17
Question 39. <i>What shall be done to the wicked at the day of judgment?</i>	18
Question 40. <i>What did God reveal to man for the rule of his obedience?</i>	18
Question 41. <i>What is the sum of the ten commandments?</i>	18
Question 42. <i>Which is the first commandment?</i>	18
Question 43. <i>What is required in the first commandment?</i>	19
Question 44. <i>Which is the second commandment?</i>	19
Question 45. <i>What is required in the second commandment?</i>	19
Question 46. <i>What is forbidden in the second commandment?</i>	20
Question 47. <i>Which is the third commandment?</i>	20
Question 48. <i>What is required in the third commandment?</i>	20
Question 49. <i>Which is the fourth commandment?</i>	21
Question 50. <i>What is required in the fourth commandment?</i>	21
Question 51. <i>How is the Sabbath to be sanctified?</i>	21
Question 52. <i>Which is the fifth commandment?</i>	22
Question 53. <i>What is required in the fifth commandment?</i>	22
Question 54. <i>What is the reason annexed to the fifth commandment?</i>	22
Question 55. <i>Which is the sixth commandment?</i>	22
Question 56. <i>What is forbidden in the sixth commandment?</i>	23
Question 57. <i>Which is the seventh commandment?</i>	23
Question 58. <i>What is forbidden in the seventh commandment?</i>	23
Question 59. <i>Which is the eighth commandment?</i>	23
Question 60. <i>What is forbidden in the eighth commandment?</i>	24
Question 61. <i>Which is the ninth commandment?</i>	24
Question 62. <i>What is required in the ninth commandment?</i>	24
Question 63. <i>What is the tenth commandment?</i>	24
Question 64. <i>What is forbidden in the tenth commandment?</i>	25
Question 65. <i>Is any man able perfectly to keep the commandments of God?</i>	25
Question 66. <i>Are all transgressions of the law equally heinous?</i>	25
Question 67. <i>What does every sin deserve?</i>	25
Question 68. <i>How may we escape his wrath and curse due to us for sin?</i>	26
Question 69. <i>What is faith in Jesus Christ?</i>	26
Question 70. <i>What is repentance to life?</i>	26

Question 71. <i>What are the outward means whereby the Holy Spirit communicates to us the benefits of redemption?</i>	27
Question 72. <i>How is the Word made effectual to salvation?</i>	27
Question 73. <i>How is the Word to be read and heard that it may become effectual to salvation?</i>	27
Question 74. <i>How do Baptism and the Lord's Supper become spiritually helpful?</i>	28
Question 75. <i>What is Baptism?</i>	28
Question 76. <i>To whom is Baptism to be administered?</i>	28
Question 77. <i>Are the infants of such as are professing to be baptised?</i>	29
Question 78. <i>How is baptism rightly administered?</i>	29
Question 79. <i>What is the duty of such as are rightly baptized?</i>	29
Question 80. <i>What is the Lord's Supper?</i>	30
Question 81. <i>What is required to the worthy receiving of the Lord's Supper?</i>	30
Question 82. <i>What is meant by the words, "until he come," which are used by the apostle Paul in reference to the Lord's Supper?</i>	30

Question 1. *What is the chief end of man?*

ANSWER. Man's chief end is to glorify God (1 Cor. 10:31), and to enjoy him forever (Ps. 73:25-26).

Question 2. *What rule has God given to direct us how we may glorify him?*

ANSWER. The Word of God which is contained in the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments (Eph. 2:20; 2 Tim. 3:16) is the only rule to direct us how we may glorify God and enjoy him (1 Jn. 1:3).

Question 3. *What do the Scriptures principally teach?*

ANSWER. The Scriptures principally teach what man is to believe concerning God, and what duty God requires of man (2 Tim. 1:13; Eccl. 12:13).

Question 4. *What is God?*

ANSWER. God is Spirit (Jn. 4:24), infinite (Job 11:7), eternal (Ps. 90:2; 1 Tim. 1:17), and unchangeable (Jas. 1:17) in his being (Exod. 3:14), wisdom, power (Ps. 147:5), holiness (Rev. 4:8), justice, goodness and truth (Exod. 34:6-7).

Question 5. *Are there more Gods than one?*

ANSWER. There is but one only (Deut. 6:4), the living and true God (Jer. 10:10).

Question 6. *How many persons are there in the Godhead?*

ANSWER. There are three persons in the Godhead, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit, and these three are one God, the same in essence, equal in power and glory (1 Jn. 5:7; Matt. 28:19).

Question 7. *What are the decrees of God?*

ANSWER. The decrees of God are his eternal purpose according to the counsel of his own will, whereby for his own glory he has foreordained whatever comes to pass (Eph. 1:11-12).

Question 8. *How does God execute his decrees?*

ANSWER. God executes his decrees in the works of creation (Rev. 4:11), and providence (Dan. 4:35).

Question 9. *What is the work of creation?*

ANSWER. The work of creation is God's making all things (Gen. 1:1) of nothing, by the Word of his power (Heb. 11:3), in six normal consecutive days (Exod. 20:11), and all very good (Gen. 1:31).

Question 10. *How did God create man?*

ANSWER. God created man, male and female, after his own image (Gen. 1:27), in knowledge, righteousness, and holiness (Col 3:10; Eph. 4:24) with dominion over the creatures (Gen. 1:28).

Question 11. *What are God's works of providence?*

ANSWER. God's works of providence are his most holy (Ps. 145:17), wise, (IsAnswer. 28:29) and powerful (Heb. 1:3), preserving and governing all his creatures, and all their actions (Ps. 103:19; Matt. 10:29).

Question 12. *What special act of providence did God exercise toward man in the state wherein he was created?*

ANSWER. When God had created man, he entered into a covenant of life with him, upon condition of perfect obedience; (Gal. 3:12) forbidding him to eat of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil, upon pain of death. (Gen. 2:17)

Question 13. *Did our first parents continue in the state wherein they were created?*

ANSWER. Our first parents being left to the freedom of their own will, fell from the state wherein they were created, by sinning against God, (Eccl. 7:29) by eating the forbidden fruit (Gen. 3:6-8).

Question 14. *What is sin?*

ANSWER. Sin is any want of conformity to, or transgression of the law of God (1 Jn. 3:4).

Question 15. *Did all mankind fall in Adam's first transgression?*

ANSWER. The covenant being made with Adam, not only for himself but for his posterity, all mankind descending from him by ordinary generation, sinned in him, and fell with him in his first transgression (1 Cor. 15:22; Rom. 5:12).

Question 16. *Into what estate did the fall bring mankind?*

ANSWER. The fall brought mankind into a state of sin and misery (Rom. 5:18).

Question 17. *Wherein consists the sinfulness of that state whereinto man fell?*

ANSWER. The sinfulness of that state whereinto man fell, consists in the guilt of Adam's first sin (Rom. 5:19), the want of original righteousness, (Rom. 3:10) and the corruption of his whole nature, which is commonly called original sin (Eph. 2:1; Ps. 51:5), together with all actual transgressions which proceed from it (Matt. 15:19).

Question 18. *What is the misery of that state whereinto man fell?*

ANSWER. All mankind, by their fall, lost communion with God (Gen. 3:8, 24), are under his wrath and curse (Eph. 2:3; Gal. 3:10), and so made liable to all the miseries in this life, to death itself, and to the pains of hell for ever (Rom. 6:23; Matt. 25:41).

Question 19. *Did God leave all mankind to perish in the state of sin and misery?*

ANSWER. God having, out of his good pleasure from all eternity, elected some to everlasting life (2 Thess. 2:13), did enter into a covenant of grace to deliver them out of the state of sin and misery, and to bring them into a state of salvation by a Redeemer (Rom. 5:21).

Question 20. *Who is the Redeemer of God's elect?*

ANSWER. The only Redeemer of God's elect is the Lord Jesus Christ (1 Tim. 2:5), who being the eternal Son of God, became man (Jn. 1:14), and so was and continues to be God and man, in two distinct natures and one person for ever (1 Tim. 3:16; Col. 2:9).

Question 21. *How did Christ, being the Son of God, become man?*

ANSWER. Christ, the son of God, became man by taking to himself a true body (Heb. 2:14), and a reasonable soul (Matt. 26:38; Heb. 4:15), being conceived by the power of the Holy Spirit in the Virgin Mary, and born of her (Lk. 1:31, 35), yet without sin (Heb. 7:26).

Question 22. *What offices does Christ execute as our Redeemer?*

ANSWER. Christ as our Redeemer executes the offices of a prophet (Acts 3:22), of a priest (Heb. 5:6), and of a king (Ps. 2:6), both in his state of humiliation and exaltation.

Question 23. *How does Christ execute the office of a prophet?*

ANSWER. Christ executes the office of a prophet, in revealing to us (Jn. 1:18), by his Word (Jn. 20:31), and Spirit (Jn. 14:26), the will of God for our salvation.

Question 24. *How does Christ execute the office of a priest?*

ANSWER. Christ executes the office of a priest, in his once offering up himself a sacrifice to satisfy divine justice (Heb. 9:28), and to reconcile us to God (Heb. 2:17), and in making continual intercession for us (Heb. 7:25).

Question 25. *How does Christ execute the office of a king?*

ANSWER. Christ executes the office of a king in subduing us to himself, (Ps. 110:3) in ruling and defending us (Matt. 2:6; 1 Cor. 15:25), and in restraining and conquering all his and our enemies.

Question 26. *Wherein did Christ's humiliation consist?*

ANSWER. Christ's humiliation consisted in his being born, and that in a low condition (Lk. 2:7), made under the law (Gal. 4:4), undergoing the miseries of this life (Isaiah. 53:3), the wrath of God (Matt. 27:46), and the cursed death of the cross; (Phil. 2:8) in being buried, and continuing under the power of death for a time (Matt. 12:40).

Question 27. *Wherein consists Christ's exaltation?*

ANSWER. Christ's exaltation consists in his rising again from the dead on the third day (1 Cor. 15:4), in ascending up into heaven, and sitting at the right hand of God the Father (Mk. 16:19), and in coming to judge the world at the last day (Acts 17:31).

Question 28. *How are we made partakers of the redemption purchased by Christ?*

ANSWER. We are made partakers of the redemption purchased by Christ, by the effectual application of it to us (Jn. 1:12) by his Holy Spirit. (Tit. 3:5-6)

Question 29. *How does the Spirit apply to us the redemption purchased by Christ?*

ANSWER. The Spirit applies to us the redemption purchased by Christ, by working faith in us (Eph. 2:8), and by it uniting us to Christ in our effectual calling (Eph. 3:17).

Question 30. *What is effectual calling?*

ANSWER. Effectual calling is the work of God's Spirit (2 Tim. 1:9) whereby, convincing us of our sin and misery (Acts 2:37), enlightening our minds in the knowledge of Christ (Acts 26:18), and renewing our wills (Ezek. 36:26), he does persuade and enable us to embrace Jesus Christ freely offered to us in the gospel (Jn. 6:44-45).

Question 31. *What benefits do they who are effectually called, partake of in this life?*

ANSWER. They who are effectually called, do in this life partake of justification (Rom. 8:30), adoption (Eph. 1:5), sanctification, and the various benefits which in this life do either accompany, or flow from them (1 Cor. 1:30).

Question 32. *What is justification?*

ANSWER. Justification is an act of God's free grace, wherein he pardons all our sins (Rom. 3:24; Eph. 1:7), and accepts us as righteous in his sight (2 Cor. 5:21) only for the righteousness of Christ imputed to us (Rom. 5:19), and received by faith alone (Gal. 2:16; Phil. 3:9).

Question 33. *What is adoption?*

ANSWER. Adoption is an act of God's free grace (1 Jn. 3:1), whereby we are received into the number, and have a right to all the privileges of the sons of God (Jn. 1:12; Rom. 8:17).

Question 34. *What is sanctification?*

ANSWER. Sanctification is the work of God's Spirit (2 Thess. 2:13), whereby we are renewed in the whole man after the image of God (Eph. 4:24), and are enabled more and more to die to sin, and live to righteousness (Rom. 6:11).

Question 35. *What are the benefits which in this life do either accompany or flow from justification, adoption, and sanctification?*

ANSWER. The benefits which in this life do accompany or flow from justification (Rom. 5:1-2, 5), are assurance of God's love, peace of conscience, joy in the Holy Spirit (Rom. 14:17), increase of grace, perseverance in it to the end (Prov. 4:18; 1 Jn. 5:13; 1 Pet. 1:5).

Question 36. *What benefits do believers receive from Christ at their death?*

ANSWER. The souls of believers are at their death made perfect in holiness (Heb. 12:23 and do immediately pass into glory, (Phil. 1:23; 2 Cor. 5:8; Lk. 23:43), and their bodies, being still united to Christ (1 Thess. 4:14), do rest in their graves (IsAnswer. 57:2) till the resurrection (Job 19:26).

Question 37. *What benefits do believers receive from Christ at the resurrection?*

ANSWER. At the resurrection, believers being raised up in glory (1 Cor. 15:43), shall be openly acknowledged and acquitted in the day of judgment (Matt. 10:32), and made perfectly blessed both in soul and body in the full enjoying of God (1 Jn. 3:2) to all eternity (1 Thess. 4:17).

Question 38. *What shall be done to the wicked at their death?*

ANSWER. The souls of the wicked shall at their death be cast into the torments of hell (Lk. 16:22-24), and their bodies lie in their graves till the resurrection, and judgement of the great day (Ps. 49:14).

Question 39. *What shall be done to the wicked at the day of judgment?*

ANSWER. At the day of judgment the bodies of the wicked being raised out of their graves, shall be sentenced, together with their souls, to unspeakable torments with the devil and his angels forever (Dan. 12:2; Jn. 5:28-29; 2 Thess. 1:9; Matt. 25:41).

Question 40. *What did God reveal to man for the rule of his obedience?*

ANSWER. The rule which God first revealed to man for his obedience, is the moral law (Deut. 10:4; Matt. 19:17), which is summarised in the ten commandments.

Question 41. *What is the sum of the ten commandments?*

ANSWER. The sum of the ten commandments is to love the Lord our God with all our heart, with all our soul, with all our strength, and with all our mind; and our neighbour as ourselves (Matt. 22:37-40).

Question 42. *Which is the first commandment?*

ANSWER. The first commandment is, "Thou shalt have no other gods before me."

Question 43. *What is required in the first commandment?*

ANSWER. The first commandment requires us to know (1 Chron. 28:9) and acknowledge God to be the only true God, and our God (Deut. 26:17), and to worship and glorify him accordingly (Matt. 4:10).

Question 44. *Which is the second commandment?*

ANSWER. The second commandment is, "Thou shalt not make unto thee any graven image, or any likeness of any thing that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth: Thou shalt not bow down thyself to them, nor serve them: for I the Lord thy God am a jealous God, visiting the iniquity of the fathers upon the children unto the third and fourth generation of them that hate me; and shewing mercy unto thousands of them that love me, and keep my commandments."

Question 45. *What is required in the second commandment?*

ANSWER. The second commandment requires the receiving, observing (Deut. 32:46; Matt. 28:20), and keeping pure and entire all such religious worship and ordinances as God has appointed in his Word (Deut. 12:32).

Question 46. *What is forbidden in the second commandment?*

ANSWER. The second commandment forbids the worshipping of God by images, (Deut. 4:15-16) or any other way not appointed in his Word (Col. 2:18).

Question 47. *Which is the third commandment?*

ANSWER. The third commandment is, "Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain; for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that takes his name in vain."

Question 48. *What is required in the third commandment?*

ANSWER. The third commandment requires the holy and reverent use of God's names (Ps. 29:2), titles, attributes (Rev. 15:3-4), ordinances (Eccl. 5:1), Word (Ps. 138:2), and works (Job 36:24; Deut. 28:58-59).

Question 49. *Which is the fourth commandment?*

ANSWER. The fourth commandment is, "Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy. Six days shalt thou labour, and do all thy work: but the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, thy manservant, nor thy maidservant, nor thy cattle, nor thy stranger that is within thy gates. For in six days the Lord made heaven and earth, the sea, and all that in them is, and rested the seventh day: wherefore the Lord blessed the Sabbath day and hallowed it."

Question 50. *What is required in the fourth commandment?*

ANSWER. The fourth commandment requires the keeping holy to God such set times as he has appointed in his Word, expressly one whole day in seven, to be a holy Sabbath to himself (Lev. 19:30; Deut. 5:12).

Question 51. *How is the Sabbath to be sanctified?*

ANSWER. The Sabbath is to be sanctified by a holy resting all that day, even from such worldly employments and recreations as are lawful on other days (Lev. 23:3), and spending the whole time in the public and private exercises of God's worship (Ps. 92:1-2; Is. 58:13-14), except so much as is taken up in the works of necessity and mercy (Matt. 12:11-12).

Question 52. *Which is the fifth commandment?*

ANSWER. The fifth commandment is, "Honour thy father and thy mother: that thy days may be long upon the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee."

Question 53. *What is required in the fifth commandment?*

ANSWER. The fifth commandment requires the preserving the honour, and performing the duties belonging to every one in their various positions and relationships as superiors (Eph. 5:21-22; Eph. 6:1, 5; Rom. 13:1), inferiors (Eph. 6:9), or equals (Rom. 12:10).

Question 54. *What is the reason annexed to the fifth commandment?*

ANSWER. The reason annexed to the fifth commandment is, a promise of long life and prosperity — as far as it shall serve for God's glory, and their own good — to all such as keep this commandment (Eph. 6:2-3).

Question 55. *Which is the sixth commandment?*

ANSWER. The sixth commandment is, "Thou shalt not kill."

Question 56. *What is forbidden in the sixth commandment?*

ANSWER. The sixth commandment forbids the taking away of our own life (Acts 16:28), or the life of our neighbour unjustly (Gen. 9:6), or whatever tends to it (Prov. 24:11-12).

Question 57. *Which is the seventh commandment?*

ANSWER. The seventh commandment is, "Thou shalt not commit adultery."

Question 58. *What is forbidden in the seventh commandment?*

ANSWER. The seventh commandment forbids all unchaste thoughts (Matt. 5:28; Col. 4:6), words (Eph. 5:4; 2 Tim. 2:22), and actions (Eph. 5:3).

Question 59. *Which is the eighth commandment?*

ANSWER. The eighth commandment is, "Thou shalt not steal."

Question 60. *What is forbidden in the eighth commandment?*

ANSWER. The eighth commandment forbids whatever does or may unjustly hinder our own (1 Tim. 5:8; Prov. 28:19; Prov. 21:6), or our neighbour's wealth, or outward estate (Eph. 4:28).

Question 61. *Which is the ninth commandment?*

ANSWER. The ninth commandment is, "Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour."

Question 62. *What is required in the ninth commandment?*

ANSWER. The ninth commandment requires the maintaining and promoting of truth between man and man (Zech. 8:16), and of our own (1 Pet. 3:16; Acts 25:10), and our neighbour's good name (3 Jn. 1:12), especially in witness-bearing (Prov. 14:5, 25).

Question 63. *What is the tenth commandment?*

ANSWER. The tenth commandment is, "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's house; thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's wife, nor his manservant, or his maidservant, nor his ox, nor his ass, nor anything that is thy neighbour's."

Question 64. *What is forbidden in the tenth commandment?*

ANSWER. The tenth commandment forbids all discontentment with our own estate (1 Cor. 10:10), envying or grieving at the good of our neighbour, (Gal. 5:26) and all inordinate emotions and affections to anything that is his (Col. 3:5).

Question 65. *Is any man able perfectly to keep the commandments of God?*

ANSWER. No mere man, since the fall, is able in his life perfectly to keep the commandments of God (Eccl. 7:20), but does daily break them in thought, (Gen. 8:21) word (Jas. 3:8), and deed (Jas. 3:2).

Question 66. *Are all transgressions of the law equally heinous?*

ANSWER. Some sins in themselves, and by reason of various aggravations, are more heinous in the sight of God than others (Jn. 19:11; 1 Jn. 5:15).

Question 67. *What does every sin deserve?*

ANSWER. Every sin deserves God's wrath and curse, both in this life and that which is to come (Eph. 5:6; Ps. 11:6).

Question 68. *How may we escape his wrath and curse due to us for sin?*

ANSWER. To escape the wrath and curse of God due to us for sin, we must believe in the Lord Jesus Christ (Jn. 3:16), trusting alone to his blood and righteousness. This faith is attended by repentance for the past (Acts 20:21) and leads to holiness in the future.

Question 69. *What is faith in Jesus Christ?*

ANSWER. Faith in Jesus Christ is a saving grace (Heb. 10:39), whereby we receive (Jn. 1:12), and rest upon him alone for salvation (Phil. 3:9), as he is set forth in the gospel (Is. 33:22).

Question 70. *What is repentance to life?*

ANSWER. Repentance to life is a saving grace (Acts 11:18), whereby a sinner, out of a true sense of his sins (Acts 2:37), and apprehension of the mercy of God in Christ (Joel 2:13), does with grief and hatred of his sin turn from it to God (Jer. 31:18-19), with full purpose to strive after new obedience (Ps. 119:59).

Question 71. *What are the outward means whereby the Holy Spirit communicates to us the benefits of redemption?*

ANSWER. The outward and ordinary means whereby the Holy Spirit communicates to us the benefits of Christ's redemption, are the Word, by which souls are begotten to spiritual life; Baptism, the Lord's Supper, Prayer, and Meditation, by all which believers are further edified in their most holy faith (Acts 2:41-42; Jas. 1:18).

Question 72. *How is the Word made effectual to salvation?*

ANSWER. The Spirit of God makes the reading, but especially the preaching of the Word, an effectual means of convicting and converting sinners, (Ps. 19:7) and of building them up in holiness and comfort (1 Thess. 1:6), through faith to salvation (Rom. 1:16).

Question 73. *How is the Word to be read and heard that it may become effectual to salvation?*

ANSWER. That the Word may become effectual to salvation, we must attend to it with diligence (Prov. 8:34), preparation (1 Pet. 2:1-2), and prayer (Ps 119:18), receive it with faith (Heb. 4:2), and love (2 Thess. 2:10), lay it up into our hearts (Ps. 119:11), and practise it in our lives (Jas. 1:25).

Question 74. *How do Baptism and the Lord's Supper become spiritually helpful?*

ANSWER. Baptism and the Lord's Supper become spiritually helpful, not from any virtue in them, or in him who does administer them (1 Cor. 3:7; 1 Pet. 3:21), but only by the blessing of Christ (1 Cor. 3:6), and the working of the Spirit in those who by faith receive them (1 Cor. 12:13).

Question 75. *What is Baptism?*

ANSWER. Baptism is an ordinance of the New Testament, instituted by Jesus Christ (Matt. 28:19), to be to the person baptised a sign of his fellowship with him, in his death, and burial, and resurrection (Rom. 6:3; Col. 2:12), of his being ingrafted into him (Gal. 3:27), of remission of sins (Mk. 1:4; Acts 22:16), and of his giving up himself to God through Jesus Christ, to live and walk in newness of life (Rom. 6:4-5).

Question 76. *To whom is Baptism to be administered?*

ANSWER. Baptism is to be administered to all those who actually profess repentance towards God (Acts 2:38; Matt. 3:6; Mk. 16:16; Acts 8:12, 36-37; Acts 10:47-48), and faith in our Lord Jesus Christ, and to none other.

Question 77. Are the infants of such as are professing to be baptised?

ANSWER. The infants of such as are professing believers are not to be baptised, because there is neither command nor example in the Holy Scriptures for their baptism (Exod. 23:13; Prov. 30:6).

Question 78. How is baptism rightly administered?

ANSWER. Baptism is rightly administered by immersion, or dipping the whole body of the person in water (Matt. 3:16; Jn. 3:23), in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit, according to Christ's institution, and the practice of the apostles (Matt. 28:19-20), and not by sprinkling or pouring of water, or dipping some part of the body, after the tradition of men (Jn. 4:1-2; Acts 8:38-39).

Question 79. What is the duty of such as are rightly baptized?

ANSWER. It is the duty of such as are rightly baptized, to give up themselves to some particular and orderly Church of Jesus Christ (Acts 2:47; 9:26; 1 Pet. 2:5), that they may walk in all the commandments and ordinances of the Lord blameless (Lk. 1:6).

Question 80. *What is the Lord's Supper?*

ANSWER. The Lord's Supper is an ordinance of the New Testament, instituted by Jesus Christ; wherein, by giving and receiving bread and wine, according to his appointment, his death is shown forth (1 Cor. 11:23-26), and the worthy receivers are, not after a corporeal and carnal manner, but by faith, made partakers of his body and blood, with all his benefits, to their spiritual nourishment, and growth in grace (1 Cor. 10:16).

Question 81. *What is required to the worthy receiving of the Lord's Supper?*

ANSWER. It is required of them who would worthily partake of the Lord's Supper, that they examine themselves of their knowledge to discern the Lord's body (1 Cor. 11:28-29), of their faith to feed upon him (2 Cor. 13:5), of their repentance (1 Cor. 11:31), love (1 Cor. 11:18-20), and new obedience, (1 Cor. 5:8) lest coming unworthily, they eat and drink judgment to themselves (1 Cor. 11:27-29).

Question 82. *What is meant by the words, "until he come," which are used by the apostle Paul in reference to the Lord's Supper?*

ANSWER. They plainly teach us that our Lord Jesus Christ will come a second time; which is the joy and hope of all believers (Acts 1:11 1 Thess. 4:16).

Afterword

Spurgeon published this catechism for use by his New Park Street congregation in the year 1855. At the time the young pastor was 21 years of age and already drawing large crowds to hear his preaching.

Thanks for your interest in downloading this eBook. We'd love to hear your comments and feedback. Email us at phil@philmorgan.org

For more help and resources please visit www.philmorgan.org

To get our regular updates and announcements of great new ebooks like this one, [Sign up for *Classic eBook Alerts*](#).

Please pass this little eBook on to a friend.
